

ANNEX I

LIST OF DOCUMENTS REVIEWED

- (i) Programme of Action for Small Island States Agreed at the Global Conference on the Sustainable Development of Small Island Developing States, 1994, Barbados. 1999. United Nations Department of Public Information.
- (ii) Johannesburg Declaration on Sustainable Development and Plan of Implementation of the World Summit on Sustainable Development. 2003. United Nations.
- (iii) National Assessment Reports on the Implementation of the Barbados Programme of Action (BPOA). Prepared by Caribbean SIDS over the period 2003 – 2004.
- (iv) Report of the Caribbean Regional Preparatory Meeting to Review the BPOA, 6 -10 October 2003. United Nations Department of Economic and Social Affairs.
- (v) Synthesis of National Assessment Reports on the Implementation in the Caribbean of the BPOA, October 2003 (Prepared on behalf of the CARICOM Secretariat).
- (vi) Draft Summary of Conclusions of the Sixteenth Meeting of the Council for Trade and Economic Development (COTED), Belize, 4-5 March 2004. CARICOM Secretariat.
- (vii) Working Paper for the Sixteenth Meeting of the Council for Trade and Economic Development (COTED), Belize, 4-5 March 2004. CARICOM Secretariat.
- (viii) Draft Summary of Recommendations and Conclusions of the Fifteenth Inter-Sessional Meeting of the Conference of Heads of Government of the Caribbean Community, 25-26 March 2004. St. Kitts and Nevis. CARICOM Secretariat.
- (ix) Work Programme and Budget of the CARICOM Secretariat 2003-2004. 2004. CARICOM Secretariat
- (x) Implementation of the SIDS POA – 10 Years Later. An OECS Perspective. December 2003. (Prepared on behalf of the OECS Secretariat).
- (xi) The St. George's Declaration of Principles for Environmental Sustainability in the Organization of Eastern Caribbean States. Organization of Eastern Caribbean States.
- (xii) National Implementation of the SIDS/POA: A Caribbean Perspective, 1998 (LC/CAR/G.520). Sub-Regional Headquarters of ECLAC for the Caribbean
- (xiii) Review of the Implementation of the Programme Of Action for the Sustainable Development of SIDS in the Caribbean Sub-Region 1994-2003, 2003(LC/CAR/G.749). Sub-Regional Headquarters of ECLAC for the Caribbean.
- (xiv) The SIDS Programme of Action: Agenda 21 – The Road to Johannesburg 2002. 2001. (LC/CAR/G.649). Sub-Regional Headquarters of ECLAC for the Caribbean.

- (xv) Final Report of the 14th Meeting of Ministers of the Environment of Latin America and the Caribbean, November 2003, UNEP/ROLAC.
- (xvi) Report of the Caribbean Civil Society Consultation, Trinidad and Tobago, 3-5 October 2003.
- (xvii) Summary on the Caribbean Sea Ecosystem Assessment (CARSEA) - Sub-Global Assessment of the Millennium Assessment. 2004. CARSEA.
- (xviii) Caribbean Tourism Strategic Plan. Final Report. July 2003. Caribbean Tourism Organization. Executed with financial support from the Commonwealth Fund for Technical Cooperation.
- (xix) Draft Report on Towards a Policy and Institutional Framework for Sustainable Development Within the Caribbean Context, 2004. Prepared on behalf of UWICED
- (xx) Draft Resource Package of Caribbean Sustainable Development Partnership Proposals, 2004. Prepared on behalf of the CARICOM Secretariat.
- (xxi) Draft Report on the Regional Sustainability Fund, 2004. Prepared on behalf of UNEP/ROLAC.
- (xxii) Statement at Donors Conference on Grenada at the World Bank, Washington, D.C. 4 October 2004. Delivered by Dr. The Right Honourable Keith C. Mitchell, Prime Minister of Grenada.
- (xxiii) Press Release: OECS Secretariat Presents Finding of Assessment of Losses in Grenada Associated with Hurricane Ivan. September 29, 2004. OECS Secretariat. OECS Secretariat Web Site.
- (xxiv) Press Release: Coping with Climate Change and Future Disasters; Experts Meet in Barbados to Develop Joint Action Plan. 20 October 2004. CARICOM Secretariat. CARICOM Secretariat Web Site.
- (xxv) Comments and responses from Member States, Caribbean inter-governmental organizations and other agencies on the Report of the Caribbean Regional Preparatory Meeting, the Regional Synthesis Report and the various drafts of the Caribbean Regional Position that were widely circulated.
- (xxvi) Presentations and interventions made by Member States and agencies at the Caribbean Regional Preparatory Meeting, Trinidad and Tobago, October 2003.
- (xxvii) Web sites: Agencies such as the CARICOM Secretariat, Organisation of Eastern Caribbean States Secretariat, Caribbean Environmental Health Institute, Caribbean Disaster and Emergency Response Agency, United Nations Department of Economic and Social Affairs, United Nations International Secretariat for Disaster Reduction.
- (xxviii) Project documents on major initiatives in the Caribbean.

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**TEMPLATE FOR THE PREPARATION OF THE CARIBBEAN REGIONAL
POSITION FOR BPOA +10 PROVIDED BY UNDESA**

Caribbean Islands

1. SOCIO ECONOMIC CONTEXT: Key characteristics, challenges and responses.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Key Characteristics: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Key Challenges: • Key Responses:
2. NATIONAL FRAMEWORKS FOR SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT (SD) IN THE REGION
3. PROGRESS MADE AND PROBLEMS ENCOUNTERED IN THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE BPOA: Sectoral and Cross-Sectoral Areas
3.1 SECTORAL AREAS: Progress Made and Problems Encountered
3.1.1 Climate Change and Sea-Level Rise
3.1.2 Natural and Environmental Disasters
3.1.3 Management of wastes
3.1.4 Coastal and Marine Resources
3.1.5 Freshwater resources
3.1.6 Land Resources
3.1.7 Energy resources
3.1.8 Tourism resources
3.1.9 Biodiversity resources
3.1.10 National institutions and administrative capacity
3.1.11 Regional institutions and technical cooperation
3.1.12 Transport and communication
3.1.13 Science and technology
3.1.14 Human resource development
3.1.15 Implementation, monitoring and review
3.2 CROSS-SECTORAL AREAS
3.2.1 Financing and Investment for SD
3.2.2 Capacity-building and Coordination
4. TRADE, INVESTMENT, CAPACITY BUILDING AND COOPERATION AND THE STATUS OF SIDS VULNERABILITY
5. MILLENNIUM DEVELOPMENT GOALS (MDG's) AND SD IN SIDS.

5.1	Poverty Eradication
5.2	Education and reduction of child mortality
5.3	Gender equality and empowerment of women
5.4	HIV/AIDS, malaria and other diseases
5.5	Environmental Sustainability
5.6	Global Partnership for Development
6	EMERGING CONCERNS AND SPECIAL NEEDS



**EXTRACT FROM THE SUMMARY OF CONCLUSIONS OF THE
SIXTEENTH MEETING OF THE COUNCIL FOR TRADE AND
ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT (COTED), BELIZE, 4-5 MARCH 2004
ON MANAGEMENT OF THE CARIBBEAN SEA**

THE COTED:

Noted the progress made in advancing the integrated and comprehensive management of the Caribbean Sea and the significance of the relevant activities to the Region to then follow up to the World Summit on Sustainable Development and UN Resolution 57/261 and the ongoing SIDS + 10 Review Process;

Also noted that the Caribbean Sea is to be discussed at the Fifty-Ninth Session of the UN General Assembly in September 2004;

Endorsed the Caribbean Sea Ecosystem Assessment (CARSEA) initiative and the concept that it presents for integrated management of the Caribbean Sea as an important target to achieve within the Region in indigenous socio-economic management approaches;

Urged CARICOM States and relevant institutions to begin early preparations for the Fifty-Ninth Session of the UN General Assembly;

Requested the appropriate agencies and Member States to use the outputs of the consultancy commissioned by ECLAC aimed at furthering the development of UN Resolution 57/261 as a tool for negotiations during the Fifty-Ninth Session of the UN General Assembly;

Encouraged CARICOM to better integrate with the rest of the wider Caribbean and the States beyond the Caribbean which are enjoined, with a view to improved political, diplomatic and technical cooperation for the management of the Caribbean Sea;

Recognised that the International Meeting on the Review of the BPOA in Mauritius in August/September 2004 provides an important opportunity for CARICOM to advance its oceans agenda in terms of mobilizing recognition of and support for programmes and processes;

Also urged CARICOM States to take a more strategic and responsive approach to the management of the Caribbean Sea, irrespective of the outcomes of international processes;

Called on the relevant regional and international agencies to coordinate, consolidate and accelerate their various initiatives and ensure adequate communication among themselves and with governments so as to ensure that effectiveness of the opportunities is maximised;

Recommended that Member States collectively and individually seek to actively and strategically engage in the diplomatic and political efforts required to ensure support for and advancement of the integrated management of the Caribbean Sea;

Also requested the CARICOM Secretariat to continue the effort to promote the Oceans Governance programme and to ensure that CIDA takes the lead in promoting the concept as a partnership.

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**EXTRACT FROM THE SUMMARY OF CONCLUSIONS OF THE
SIXTEENTH MEETING OF THE COUNCIL FOR TRADE AND
ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT (COTED), BELIZE, 4-5 MARCH 2004
ON THE UN CONVENTION ON COMBATTING DESERTIFICATION**

THE COTED:

Commended the Global Mechanism (GM), the UNCCD Secretariat, the FAO, GTZ, UNEP/ROLAC and the CARICOM Secretariat on their commitment to alleviating land degradation problems in the Caribbean and on the development of a Partnership Initiative on Land Degradation;

Urged Member States to seek to meet the deadline of the end of 2005 for submitting National Action Plans, as required by the Bonn Declaration of Conference of the Parties (COP)4 (Decision 8);

Encouraged the CARICOM Secretariat, the CCCCC and the GM to intensify their collaboration to enhance the benefits to the Region derived from the various facilities;

Requested that Member States begin to prepare and strategise for participation in the Third Session of the Committee for the Review of the Implementation of the UNCCD (CRIC), expected to take place in Bonn, Germany in the Third Quarter 2004 and in the Seventh Session of the COP for the UNCCD, scheduled for Bonn, Germany in October 2005;

Also encouraged Member States to coordinate the UNCCD implementation process with the national macroeconomic planning process and with sectoral planning, and to ensure coordination among the relevant Ministries;

Called upon Member States and regional and international organisations to intensify efforts to identify synergies and establish programmatic links between the UNCCD and the other Rio Conventions (UNFCCC and CBD) and relevant sub-regional frameworks for sustainable development in the Caribbean;

Supported the effort to develop a Partnership Initiative on Land Degradation and Sustainable Development.

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